Anti-DNA Autoantibodies: the Other DNA-binding Proteins

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 467

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We review some common approaches that have been used to examine the specificity, affinity, and mode of binding of lupus anti-DNA for DNA antigens. We highlight the recent use of biophysical methods that have been used to study DNA-binding proteins, such as transcription factors, and demonstrate their utility when used in the study of lupus anti-DNA.

Combinatorial Chemistry in Drug Research from a New Vantage Point

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 473

Hubert Maehr

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The application of set theory to combinatorial processes provides valuable tools for the planning, description, execution, and evaluation of combinatorial events.

Structure Optimization of a Leukotriene D₄ Antagonist by Combinatorial Chemistry in Solution

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 493

Hubert Maehr* and Roxana Yang Roche Research Center, Hoffmann-La Roche Inc., Nutley, NJ 07110, U.S.A.

The optimum structural features were deduced by the introduction of molecular diversity at three sites followed by the evaluation of a library containing 700 compounds.

Ro24-5913

A Chemoenzymatic Synthesis of UDP-(2-deoxy-2-fluoro)-galactose and Evaluation of its Interaction with Galactosyltransferase

Takashi Hayashi, Brion W. Murray, Ruo Wang and Chi-Huey Wong* Department of Chemistry, The Scripps Research Institute, 10550 North Torrey Pines Road, La Jolla, CA 92037, U.S.A.

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 497

Additional Bioactive Annonaceous Acetogenins from *Asimina triloba* (Annonaceae)

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 501

Kan He, Geng-Xian Zhao, Guoen Shi, Lu Zeng, Jin-Feng Chao, and Jerry L. McLaughlin* Department of Medicinal Chemistry and Molecular Pharmacology, School of Pharmacy and Pharmacal Sciences, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907, U.S.A.

Trilobalicin (1), a new nonadjacent bis-THF ring Annonaceous acetogenin, 2,4-cis- (2) and 2,4-trans-trilobacinone (3), the ketolactones of trilobacin, an adjacent bis-THF ring acetogenin, were isolated from the stem bark of Asimina triloba (L.) Dunal (Annonaceae).

Synthesis of Indolylalkoxyiminoalkylcarboxylates as Leukotriene Biosynthesis Inhibitors

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 507

Teodozyj Kolasa,* Pramila Bhatia, Clint D. W. Brooks, Keren I. Hulkower, Jennifer B. Bouska, Richard R. Harris and Randy L. Bell

Immunoscience Research, D-47K, Abbott Laboratories, 100 Abbott Park, IL 60064-3500, U.S.A.

A series of quinolylmethoxyindolylalkyliminoxycarboxylates were synthesized and evaluated for inhibition of leukotricne biosynthesis.

$$\begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ N \\ O \\ N \\ O \\ N \\ O \\ N \\ CO_2H \end{array}$$

R = 2-quinolyl, 2-pyridyl, 4-thiazolyl, 2-benzothiazolyl; $R_1 = H$, CH_2 ; $R_2 = H$ S-tBu or S-2-quinolylmethyl; $A = CH_2$, CH_3 , $CH_2C(Me_2)CH_2$; $R_3 = allyl$, n-butyl, benzyl and cyclohexyl.

Synthesis and Investigation of Inhibition Effects of New Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 515

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Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science and Arts, Atatürk University, Erzurum, Turkey

O R-C-NH S SO₂NH₂

Three new carbonic anhydrase (CA) inhibitors (1), (2) and (3) have been synthesized. The inhibition effect of (1) on CA II has shown that (1) is more a potent inhibitor than acetazolamide.

- (1) CICH₂-CH₂-
- (2) Cl₂CH-
- (3) Ph-CH₂-CH₂-

Synthesis of Azasugars as Potent Inhibitors of Glycosidases

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 519

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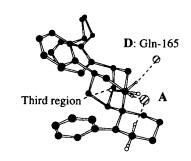
A series of enantiomerically pure azasugars with a pyrrolidine, piperidine, or an azepane framework was synthesized from p-mannitol. Biological studies indicate, notably, that the polyhydroxylated azepanes are inhibitors of glycosidases with the K_i values in the low micromolar range.

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 535

Possible Ligand-Receptor Interactions for NK₁ Antagonists as Observed in their Crystal Structures

Gertjan J. Boks, a,* Jan P. Tollenaere and Jan Kroon b ^aDepartment of Medicinal Chemistry, Utrecht Institute for Pharmaceutical Sciences, Universiteit Utrecht, Sorbonnelaan 16, NL-3584 CA Utrecht, The Netherlands ^bDepartment of Crystal and Structural Chemistry, Bijvoet Centre for Biomolecular Research, Universiteit Utrecht, Padualaan 8, NL-3584 CH Utrecht, The Netherlands

Interactions observed in small molecule crystal structures might well reflect interactions with a macromolecular receptor.



4-Deoxyannomontacin and (2,4-cis and trans)-

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 549

Annomontacinone, New Bioactive Mono-tetrahydrofuran Annonaceous Acetogenins from Goniothalamus giganteus

F. Alali, L. Zeng, Y. Zhang, Q. Ye, D. C. Hopp, J. T. Schwedler and J. L. McLaughlin*

Department of Medicinal Chemistry and Molecular Pharmacology, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, U.S.A.

Two biologically active annonaceous acetogenins are related to annomontacin (3).

Studies on 3'-Quaternary Ammonium Cephalosporins—III. Synthesis and Antibacterial Activity of

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 557

3'-(3-Aminopyrazolium)cephalosporins

Hidenori Ohki, Kohji Kawabata,* Yoshiko Inamoto, Shinya Okuda, Toshiaki Kamimura and Kazuo Sakane New Drug Research Laooratones, Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 2-1-6 Kashima, Yodogawa-ku, Osaka 532, Japan

The synthesis and in vitro antibacterial activity of 7β -[(Z)-2-(2-aminothiazol-4-yl)-2-methoxyinunoacetamido] cephalosporins bearing N-mono or dialkyl and carbamoyl aminopyrazolium, and five- or six-membered rings fused to the

3-aminopyrazolium methyl groups at the 3-position, are described.

A New Class of Anti HIV-1 Agents Targeted Toward the Nucleocapsid Protein NCp7: The 2,2'-Dithiobisbenzamides

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 569

J. M. Domagala,*.a J. P. Bader, b R. D. Gogliotti, J. P. Sanchez, M. A. Stier, Y. Song, J. V. N. Vara Prasad, a P. J. Tummino, ^a J. Scholten, ^a P. Harvey, ^a T. Holler, ^a S. Gracheck, ^a D. Hupe, ^a W. G. Rice^c and R. Schultz^b ^aDepartments of Chemistry and Therapeutics, Parke-Davis Pharmaceutical Research, Division of Warner-Lambert Company, 2800 Plymouth Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48105, U.S.A.; hAntiviral Evaluations Developmental Therapeutics Program, Bethesda, MD 20892, U.S.A.; 'The National Cancer Institute Antiviral Drug Mechanisms, SAIC, Frederick, MD 21702, U.S.A.

Certain 2,2'-dithiobisbenzamides have demonstrated good anti HIV-1 activity (2–10 µM, cytotoxicity > 100 µM) and extrude Zn from the Zn-fingers of HIV-1 nucleocapsid protein (NCp7), the putative target. A broad SAR is presented. Optimal substituents on R are acids and amides.

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 581

Expanding the 43C9 Class of Catalytic Antibodies Using a Chain-shuffling Approach

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Crossing the 43C9 heavy-chain gene with a library of light-chains yields light-chain proteins sharing 92–96% sequence identity to 43C9. These clones attempt to broaden a class of 43C9-like antibodies, where the catalytic residues, His91 and Arg96, have been reproducibly selected. Similar catalytic properties between the 43C9-like antibodies suggests binding has been optimized, thus further maturation of the light chain would not lead to a better hydrolytic antibody.

Design, Synthesis, and Biological Activity of Anti-angiogenic Hypoxic Cell Radiosensitizer Haloacetylcarbamoyl-2-nitroimidazoles

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 591

Hitoshi Hori, a.* Cheng-Zhe Jin, Masatoshi Kiyono, Soko Kasai, Mariko Shimamura and Seiichi Inayama de Seiichi Inayama and Sei

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^dInstitute of Oriental Medical Science, Tokyo 155, Japan

Haloacetylcarbamoyl-2-nitroimidazoles

Synthesis and Biological Properties of a New Series of Anti-MRSA β-Lactams; 2-(Thiazol-2-ylthio)carbapenems

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 601

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Synthesis and biological properties of a series of 2-(thiazol-2-ylthio)carbapenems is described. Some of the compounds showed marked anti-MRSA activity with low HSA binding.

OH H H Me S N
$$R_1$$
 (R₁, R₂ =alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl)

Studies on Duocarmycin SA and its Derivatives

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 623

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We describe the synthesis and antitumor activity of a new type of duocarmycin SA.

Bioorg. Med. Chem. 1997, 5, 631

Thionation of Segetalins A and B, Cyclic Peptides with Estrogen-like Activity from Seeds of *Vaccaria segetalis*

Hiroshi Morita, ^a Young Sook Yun, ^a Koichi Takeya, ^a Hideji Itokawa^{a,*} and Osamu Shirota ^b Department of Pharmacognosy, School of Pharmacy, Tokyo University of Pharmacy and Life Science, 1432-1 Horinouchi, Hachioji, Tokyo 192-03, Japan and ^bDivision of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry, National Institute of Health Sciences, 1-18-1 Kamiyoga, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo 158, Japan